**PATENT** 

Appl. No. 10/612,769 Amdt. dated April 26, 2006 Reply to Office Action of February 10, 2006

#### **REMARKS/ARGUMENTS**

This Amendment is in response to the Office Action mailed February 10, 2006. Claims 1-29 were pending in the present application. This Amendment does not add, cancel, or amend any claims, leaving pending in the application claims 1-29. Reconsideration of the rejected claims is respectfully requested.

## I. Rejection under 35 U.S.C. §103

### (a) Barrick and Chen

Claims 1, 3-5, 7-18, and 20-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being obvious over *Barrick* (US 6,626,647) in view of *Chen* (US 5,793,976). It is respectfully submitted that *Barrick* and *Chen* do not teach or suggest each element of these claims.

For example, Applicants' claim 1 recites a method for assembling timing data in a multilayer server environment, comprising:

generating an HTML based request;

depositing a time of generation of the HTML based request in one or more hidden data fields associated with the HTML based request;

forwarding the HTML based request to one or more servers that deposit an arrival time in the one or more hidden data fields associated with the HTML based request;

generating an HTML based response;

transferring the arrival times provided by the one or more servers to one or more hidden data fields associated with the HTML based response;

forwarding the HTML based response to one or more servers that deposit a departure time in the one or more hidden data fields associated with the HTML based response

(emphasis added). Such limitations are neither taught nor suggested by these references.

Barrick teaches the measuring of download times for Web pages utilizing a browser agent that is sent to the user requesting the Web page (col. 2, lines 10-41). The browser agent measures a download time interval based on the time difference between a request for a Web page and a loading time for the Web page (col. 2, lines 24-59). The browser agent calculates this time by recording the time of the sending of the request and, upon receiving back or loading the requested page, calculating the download interval (col. 7, lines 57-64). The calculated time interval then can be encoded into an HTTP GET request header and sent to a relay server (col. 7, lines 60-63; col. 9, lines 1-9).

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This teaching is very different from what is recited in Applicants' claim 1. As recognized in the Office Action on page 3, Barrick does not teach or suggest that "the request is sent to one or more servers where arrival times and departure times are additionally added to the hidden fields at each destination." Further, Barrick does not disclose "depositing a time of generation of the HTML based request in one or more hidden data fields associated with the HTML based request," as the time of generation is recorded by the browser agent (col. 7, lines 57-64) and only a calculated download time (col. 7, lines 60-63; col. 9, lines 1-9) is written into an HTML header and sent in a subsequent request to a relay server. Barrick does not teach or suggest the depositing of times of generation, arrival, or departure in hidden HTML fields for a request, as required by Applicants' claim 1. Barrick also does not teach or suggest transferring such times to one or more hidden data fields associated with an HTML based response for that request, as required by Applicants' claim 1. As such, Barrick cannot render obvious Applicants' claim 1 and dependent claims 3-5.

Chen does not make up for these deficiencies in Barrick with respect to claim 1. Chen teaches the monitoring and reporting of delays experienced by a packet of information at each intermediate node of a network (col. 4, lines 26-33). Chen teaches determining an overall delay or a node-by-node delay, where the note-by-node delay can be determined using delay-stamp fields in a specific delay measurement management packet (col. 8, line 54-col. 9, line 14). Chen does not teach or suggest depositing a time of generation, departure, or arrival of an HTML-based request as required by Applicants' claim 1. Further, Chen does not teach or suggest transferring such times to one or more hidden data fields associated with an HTML based response, as required by Applicants' claim 1. As such, Chen cannot render obvious claim 1 and dependent claims 3-5, either alone or in combination with Barrick.

Independent claims 7, 13, 20, 21, 22, 23, and 24 also recite limitations that are not taught or suggested by *Barrick* and *Chen* for reasons including those discussed above, such that claims 7, 13, 20, 21, 22, 23, and 24 and dependent claims 8-12, 14-18, and 25-28 cannot be rendered obvious by *Barrick* and *Chen*, either alone or in combination.

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## (b) Barrick, Chen, and Fish

Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being obvious over Barrick and Chen in view of Fish (US 2004/0111394). Claim 2 depends from claim 1, which is not rendered obvious by Barrick and Chen as discussed above. Fish does not make up for the deficiencies in Barrick and Chen with respect to claim 1. Fish teaches writing debug information into hidden fields (paragraph [0023]), and in particular is cited as teaching a method for writing debug data into hidden fields of HTML or XML, which remain hidden until the user makes those fields visible (OA p. 6). Even with such teaching, Fish does not teach or suggest depositing a time of generation, departure, or arrival of an HTML-based request in one or more hidden data fields associated with an original HTML-based request as required by Applicants' claim 1. Further, Fish does not teach or suggest transferring such times to one or more hidden data fields associated with an HTML based response, as required by Applicants' claim 1. As such, Fish cannot render obvious claim 1 and dependent claim 2, either alone or in any combination with Barrick and Chen.

#### (c) Barrick, Chen, and Engel

Claims 6 and 29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being obvious over Barrick (US 6,626,647) in view of Engel (US 2004/0246996). Claim 6 depends from claim 1, and claim 29 depends from claim 24, which are not rendered obvious by Barrick and Chen as discussed above. Engel does not make up for the deficiencies in Barrick and Chen with respect to claims 1 and 24. Engel teaches the use of protocol-enabled switches to provide time synchronization (paragraph [0005]), and in particular is cited as teaching time synchronization across communication devices wherein local time of one or more nodes is synchronized by exchanging timing packets (OA p. 7). Even with such teaching, Engel does not teach or suggest depositing a time of generation, departure, or arrival of an HTML-based request in one or more hidden data fields associated with an original HTML-based request. Further, Engel does not teach or suggest transferring such times to one or more hidden data fields associated with an HTML based response. As such, Engel cannot render obvious claims 1 and 24, or dependent claims 6 and 29, either alone or in any combination with Barrick and Chen.

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## (d) Barrick, Chen, and Blythe

Claim 19 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being obvious over Barrick and Chen in view of Blythe (US 2004/0139433). Claim 19 depends from claim 13, which is not rendered obvious by Barrick and Chen as discussed above. Blythe does not make up for the deficiencies in Barrick and Chen with respect to claim 13. Blythe teaches distributing requests across a set of resources in a multi-threaded server in a networking environment (paragraph [0030]), and in particular is cited as teaching the use of application servers in a distributed environment (OA p. 7). Even with such teaching, Blythe does not teach or suggest depositing a time of generation, departure, or arrival of an HTML-based request in one or more hidden data fields associated with an original HTML-based request. Further, Blythe does not teach or suggest transferring such times to one or more hidden data fields associated with an HTML based response. As such, Blythe cannot render obvious claim 13 and dependent claim 19, either alone or in any combination with Barrick and Chen.

Applicants therefore respectfully request that the rejections with respect to claims 1-29 be withdrawn.

#### II. Amendment to the Claims

Unless otherwise specified, amendments to the claims are made for purposes of clarity, and are not intended to alter the scope of the claims or limit any equivalents thereof. The amendments are supported by the specification and do not add new matter.

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# **CONCLUSION**

In view of the foregoing, Applicants believe all claims now pending in this Application are in condition for allowance. The issuance of a formal Notice of Allowance at an early date is respectfully requested.

If the Examiner believes a telephone conference would expedite prosecution of this application, please telephone the undersigned at 415-576-0200.

Respectfully submitted,

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